

# MOBNET Presentation to Inachus Group (MOBile NETwork for people's location in natural and man-made disasters)

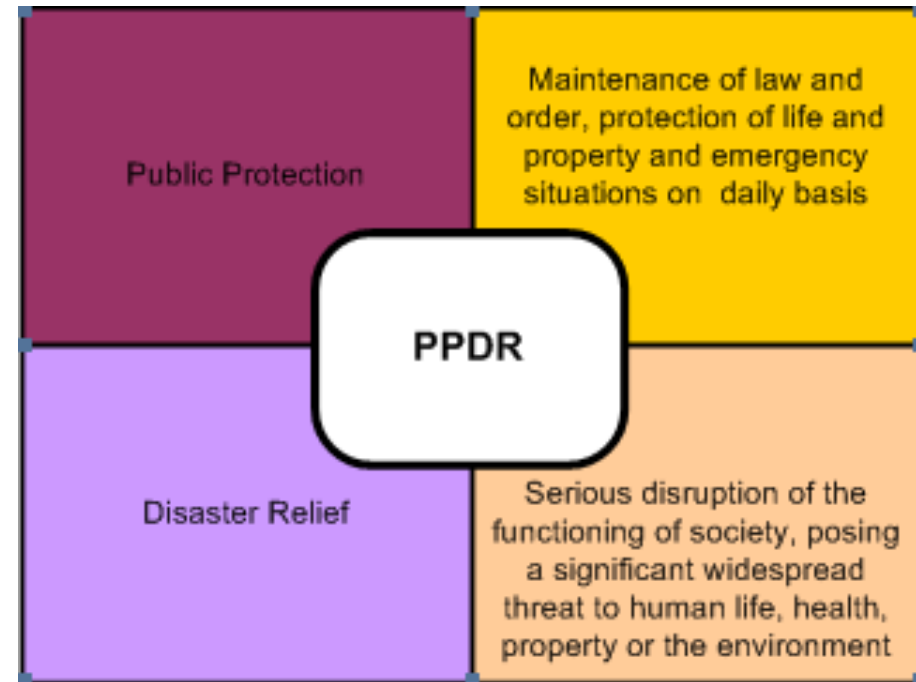
## Project Framework

- Kick-off January 2016
- Duration 26 months
- Customer GSA EC/H2020 Galileo SME Call 2015

Euarda Blomenhofer  
NavPos Systems GmbH  
Freiburg, Nov. 9th, 2016

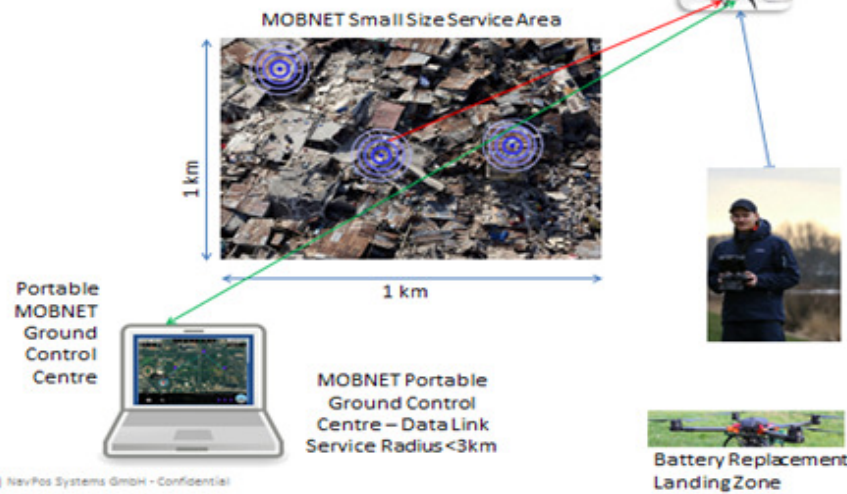
## MOBNET Scope

- **Public Protection & Disaster Relief Service**
- **Levels of Operation:**
  - Level 1: Everyday Incidents
  - Level 2: Major Events
  - Level 3: Natural and Man-made disasters
- **Focus on Rescue Systems Operation**
- **Different performance criteria depending of Mission type**
- **Project prototype to cover 2 km area mission**

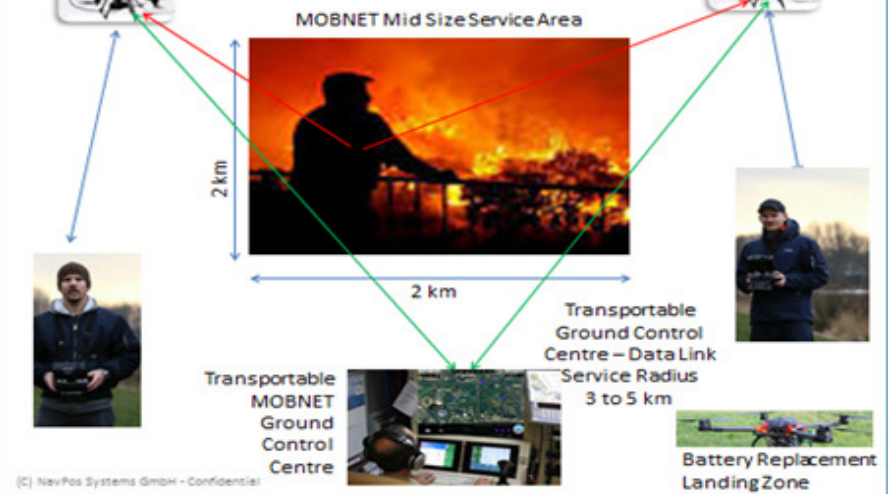


# MOBNET Example Missions and Use Cases

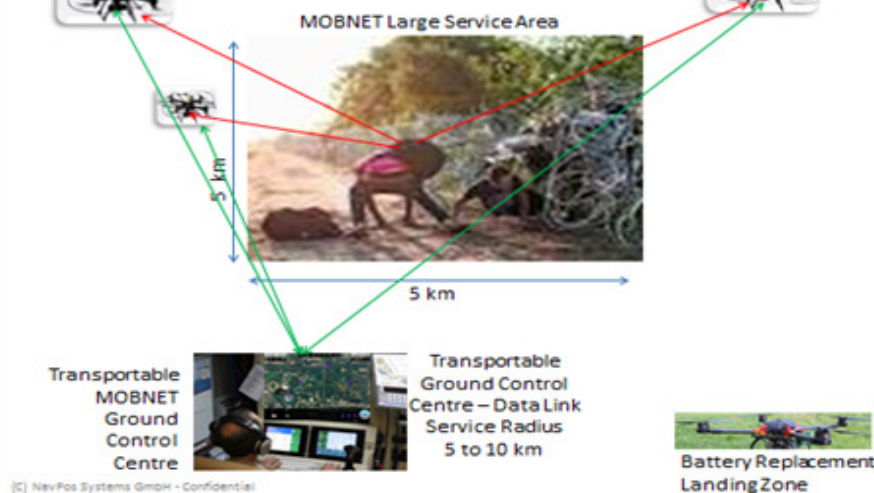
## MOBNET Example Mission A



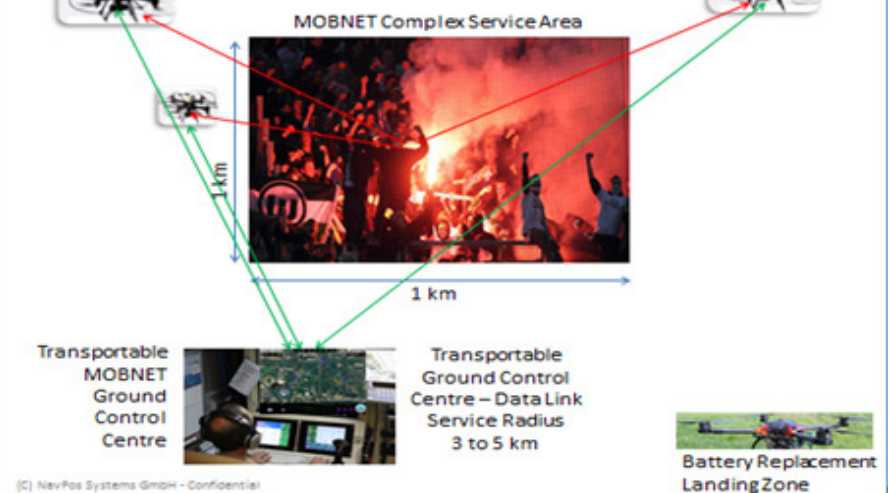
## MOBNET Example Mission B



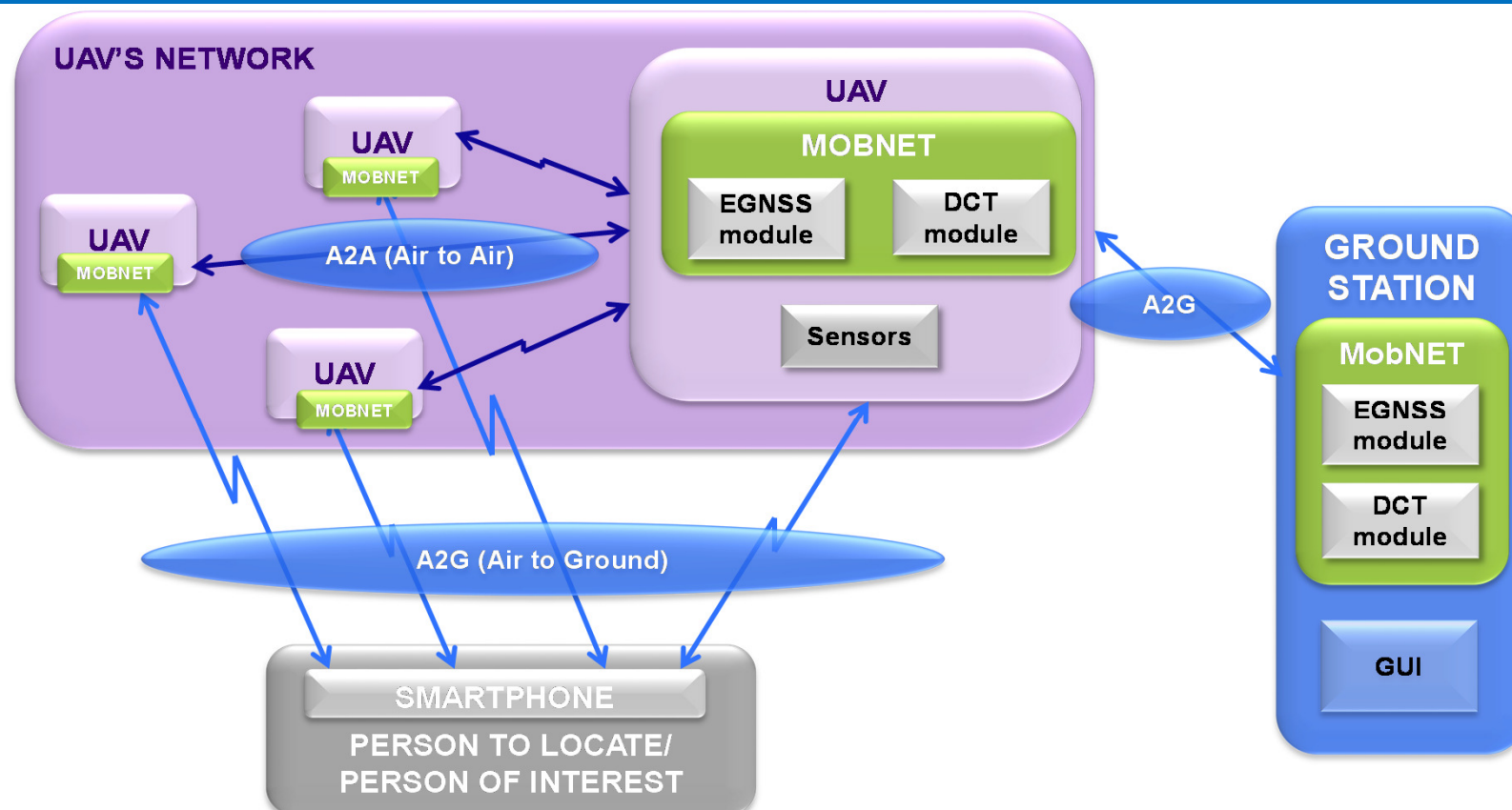
## MOBNET Example Mission C



## MOBNET Example Mission D



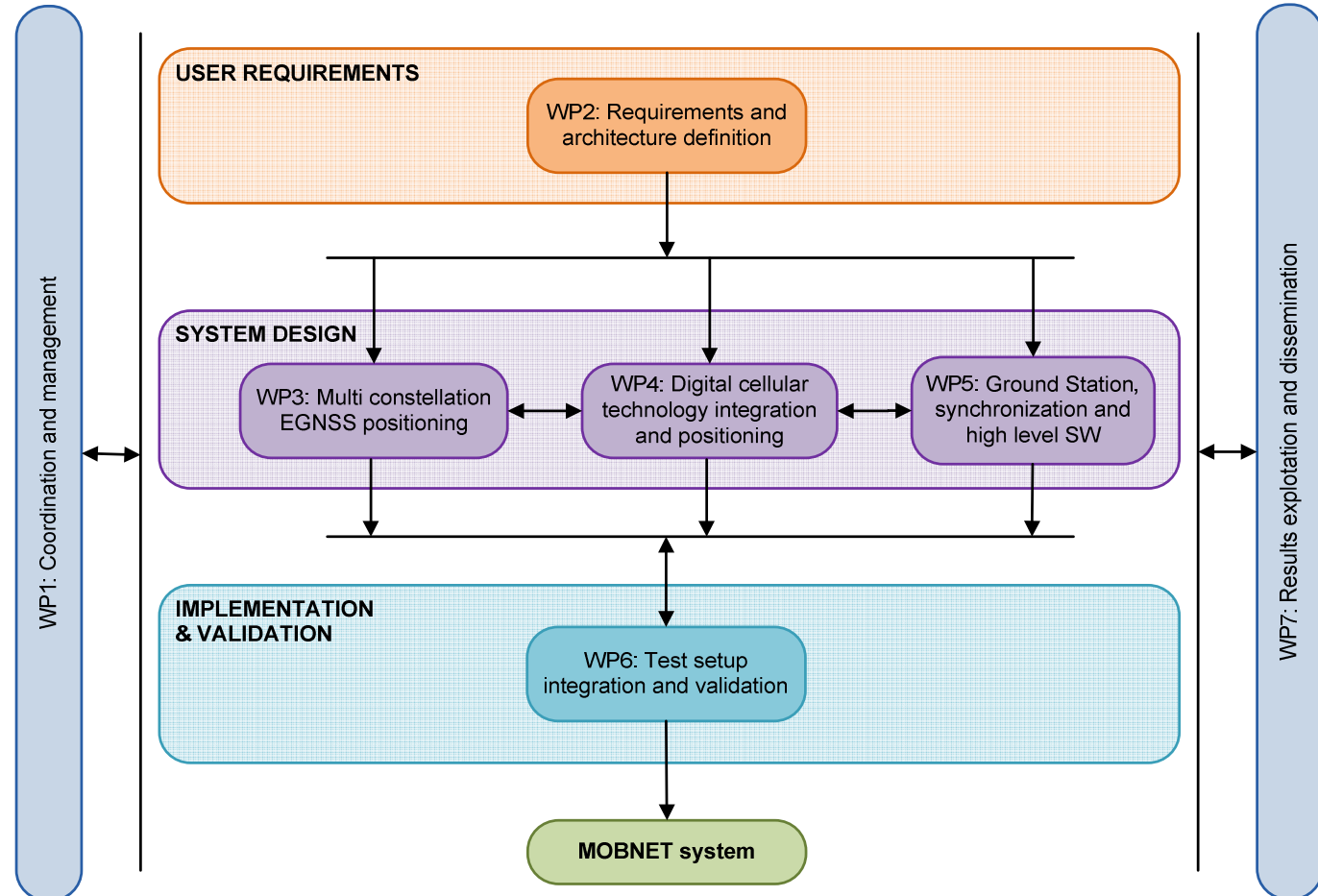
## MOBNET System Architecture



**Basic Idea and Concept:**  
Combine precise GNSS positioning and timing with GSM signal ranging on a drone to locate mobile phones

# MOBNET Study Team and Main Tasks

- **Orbital (Spain)**
  - Study Coordinator
  - Datalink Module
- **CEIT (Spain)**
  - Digital Communication Terminal (DCT) Module
- **Main School of Fire (SGSP, Poland)**
  - MOBNET Use Cases, Applications and Trials
- **Delft Dynamics (Netherlands)**
  - Drone Manufacturer
- **NavPos Systems (Germany)**
  - EGNSS Navigation and Timing Module



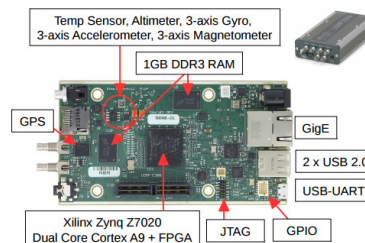


## MOBNET Subsystems

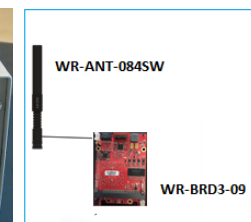
- **Drone(s)**
  - Drone platform
  - Drone operator



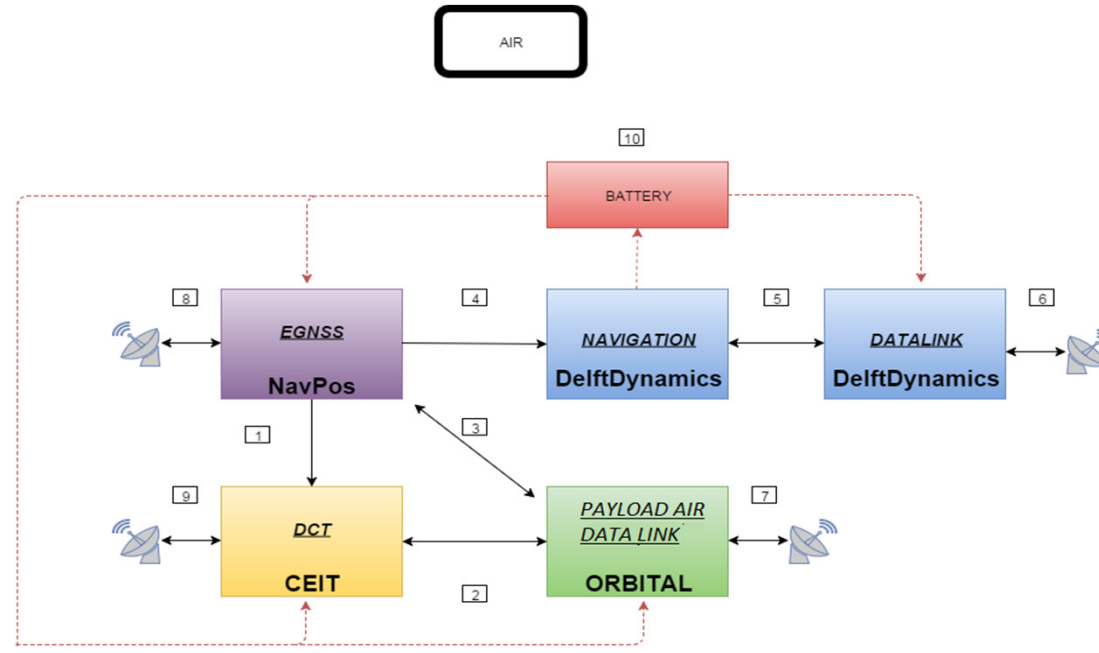
- **Payload(s)**
  - DCT Module
  - EGNSS Module
  - Datalink



- **Ground Station**
  - Mission Computer and Visualization
  - EGNSS Ground Station
  - Datalink

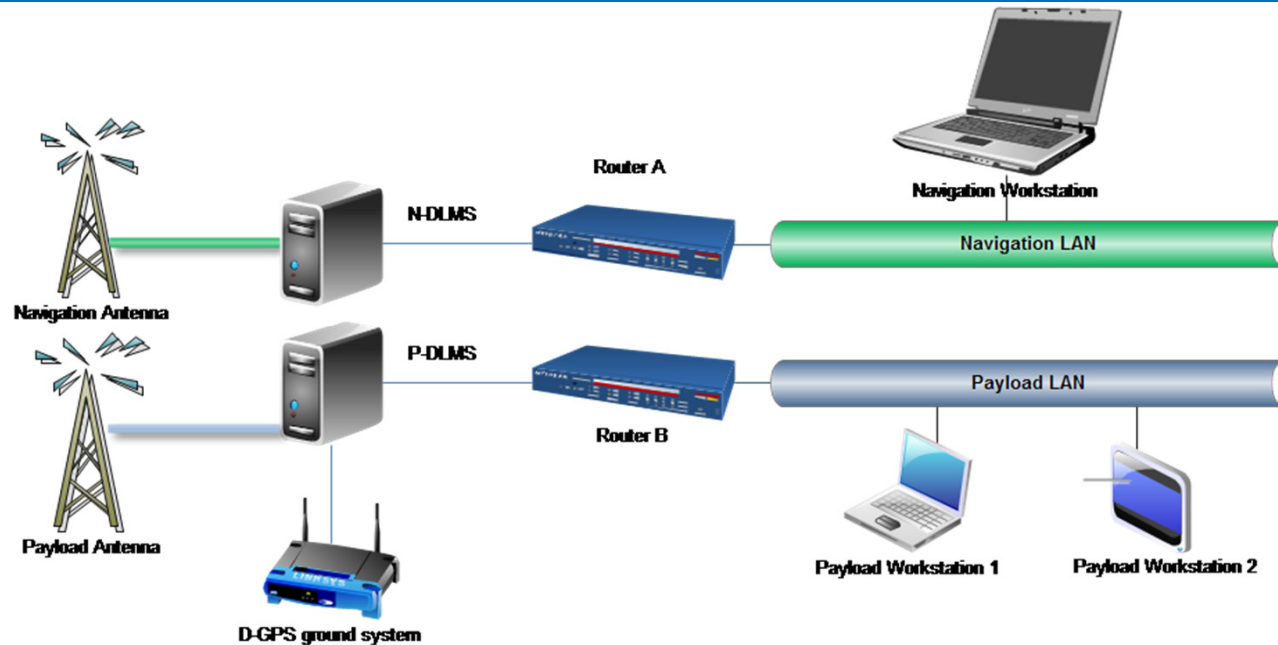


## MOBNET Architecture (I)



- **MOBNET Drone(s) equipped with three airborne payload systems:**
  - EGNSS system for accurate ranging
  - DCT system for GSM detection and main onboard processing
  - Payload Datalink for communications with Ground Segment

## MOBNET Architecture (II)



- **MOBNET Ground Segment:**

- D-GNSS system enables augmentation data to airborne systems
- Segregated Navigation chain to operate any kind of Drone(s)
- Payload Datalink provides seamless Layer-2 interface to Air
- MOBNET mission software system (Payload data exploitation)



## WP2.1 User Requirements vs. MOBNET Error Budget

### MOBNET Positioning Error Contributors:

- **EGNSS PVT Accuracy**
  - Depending on EGNSS solution m (Stand-alone) to dm (D-GNSS) to cm (RTK) – level
- **PPS Accuracy**
  - $\pm 10\text{ns} \times c$  equals  $\pm 3\text{m}$
- **DCT Ranging Accuracy**
  - Noise and bias ?

Source:  
MOBNET Questionnaire User Responses

Inaccuracy	Responses:	
	[-]	[%]
<1 m	1	1%
1 - 2 m	14	21%
2 - 5 m	23	34%
<10 m	23	34%
Other	0	0%
n.a.	6	9%
Total:	67	100%

**MOBNET Position Accuracy Objective:**  
~  $\pm 2\text{m}$  to  $10\text{m}$  to fulfill most Users Rqmts

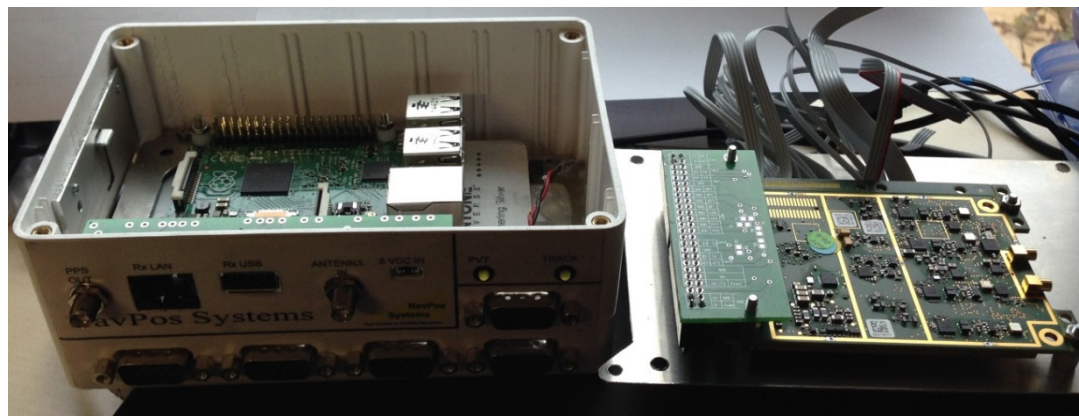
## Challenge: Provision of ~10ns PPS timing accuracy on a drone!

- „Cheap“ GPS Timing Receivers and even low cost GPS chip set manufacturer spec's claim to provide pps timing accuracy better 20ns, but
  - Typically this is realized at a static position with known or averaged GPS position
  - 20ns is specified as a „typical“ accuracy which means it is not reliable
  - Low cost GPS Chip sets show larger than 100ns inaccuracies and drifts to 400ns
- Multi-Constellation mix could degrade timing accuracy
- Significant price differences from single frequency & single constellation GPS Rx&Antenna to multi-frequency & multi-constellation GNSS Rx&Antenna
- Development Approach
  - Investigation of professional GNSS receiver market for best candidates (e.g. Septentrio, Novatel, Trimble, ... )
  - Trade-off between requirements and architectures to identify best solution(s) considering performance/cost ratio
  - Anticipate EGNSS module solution(s) development

**NavPos MOBNET EGNSS Module Design Objectives:  
Submeter-Positioning and <10ns PPS Time over 10km Drone Range**

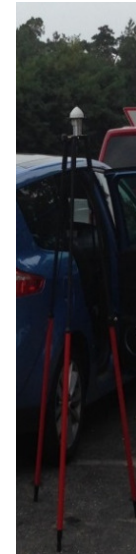
## EGNSS Payload Module Prototype

- **Functions**
  - Provides PVT and PPS time synchronization
  - GNSS PVT and raw data recording
- **Features**
  - 544 Channels GNSS Rx
  - Supported signals: GPS (L1, L2, L5), GLONASS (L1,L2,L3), Galileo (E1, E5ab, AltBoc, E6), BeiDou (B1, B2, B3), IRNSS (L5), QZSS (L1,L2,L5) (Galileo, Beidou, IRNSS, E6/B3)
  - Supports standalone and D-GNSS operations
  - Embedded GNSS Antenna
- **Performance**
  - PPS Timing Acc. ~10ns
  - Standalone H1.2m V1.9 m
  - DGNSS H0.4m V0.9m
  - Option: RTK for cm-Accuracy
  - Several hours operations on battery



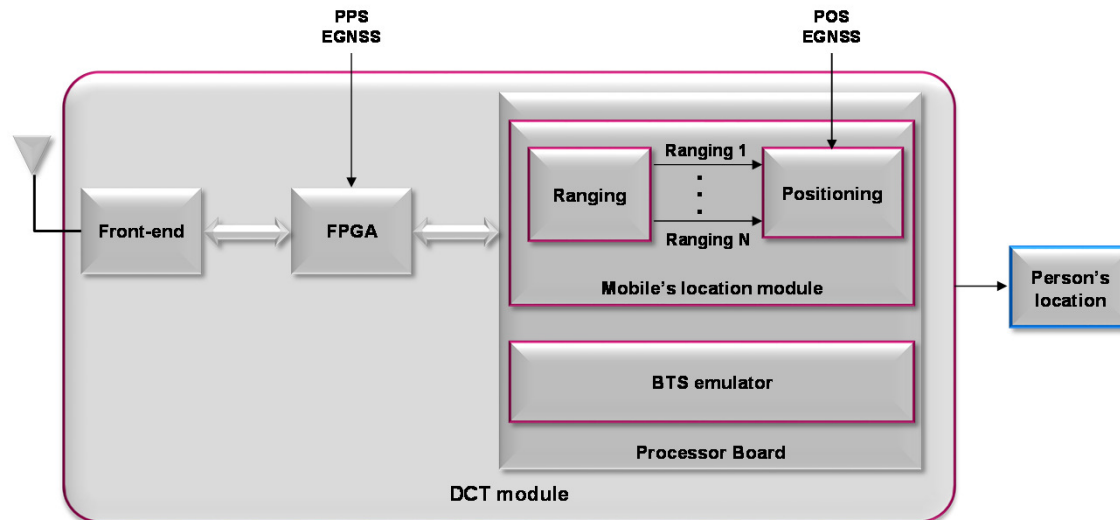
## EGNSS Ground Station Prototype

- **Functions**
  - Generates DGNSS Corrections
  - GNSS raw data recording
  - Multiple drones (return) PVT track data recording using Terminalserver
- **1 day Autonomous Operations using its embedded Powerbank**
- **Frontpanel**



## DCT subsystem

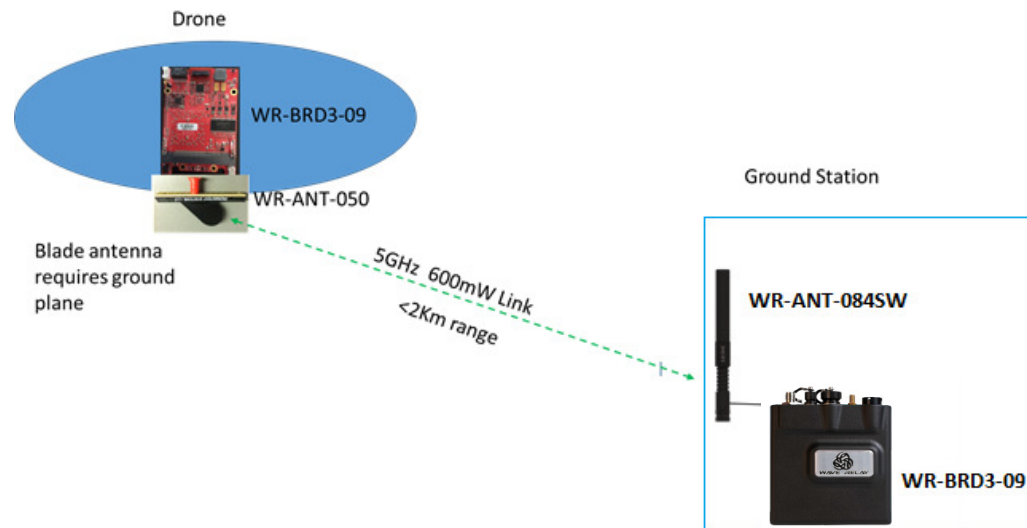
- Airborne system acting as GSM base station to detect cell phones.
- Real-time, FPGA-based processing system which generates MOBNET payload data (victims position estimates).
- Interface with airborne GNSS for PPS signal



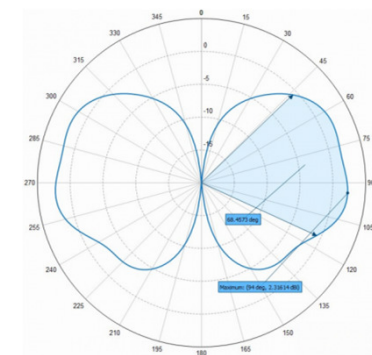


## Payload Datalink subsystem

- Present in both Air and Ground Segments.
- Seamless Layer-2 integration between Airborne DCT payload datastream and Ground Payload Network.



Requirement	data
Distance to cover with datalink	2km
Frequency Range	5.8 GHz band
Throughput	<2Mbps
Weight	<150 g
Connectors	Ethernet, RS-232
Radio-Link type	LOS – Point to point



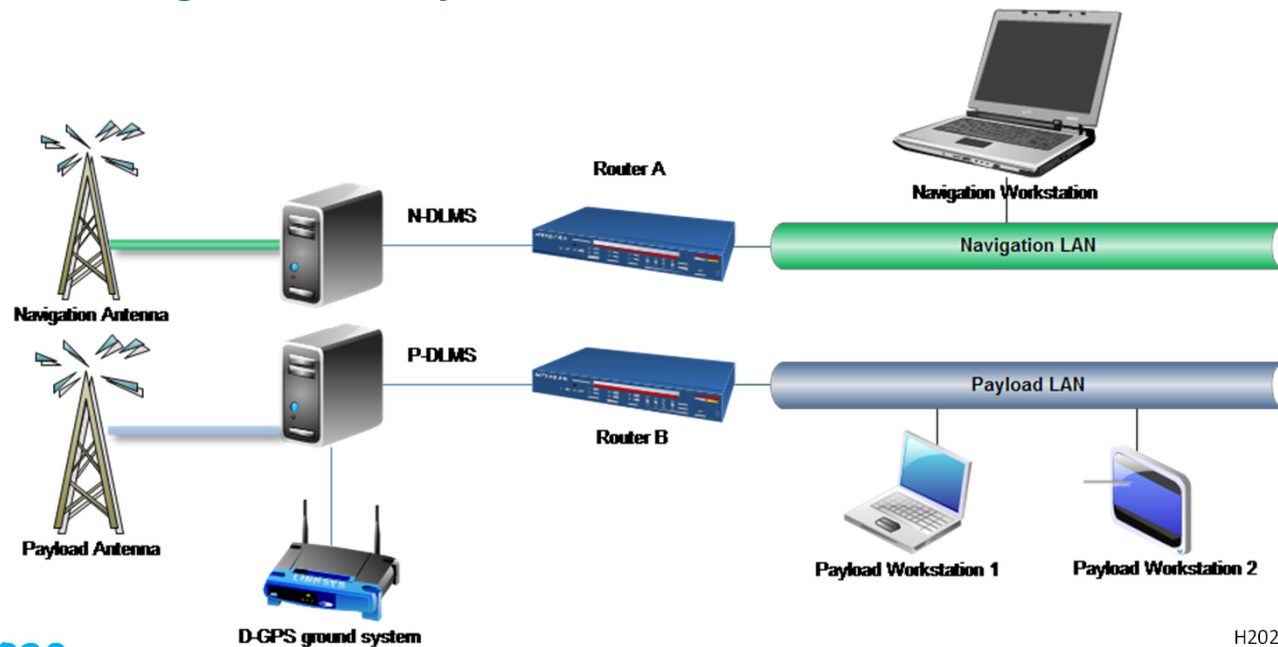
## Drone subsystem

- **MOBNET prototype based on Quadcopter RH4 aircraft.**
  - Empty weight: 2900 grams
  - Maximum TOW: 5600 grams
  - Payload capacity: 1000-1500 grams
  - Battery weight: 1200-1700 grams
  - Endurance: 15-25 minutes.



## Ground Station

- Flexible, compact UAV ground control station suitable for MOBNET operation.
- Segregation between Navigation and Payload chains.
- Mission data Operation, Exploitation and Recording.
- D-GNSS integrated in Payload chain.



## Conclusions

- **MOBNET Project and Development well on track**
- **First prototypes of subsystem modules available**
- **Next step System Integration and further Software Development**
- **Trials in Poland planned for Q4 2017**





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